



European Centre for Modern Languages Centre européen pour les langues vivantes Europäisches Fremdsprachenzentrum

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ONLINE CONSULTATION ON THE LANGUAGE/S OF SCHOOLING

PART ONE – MULTIPLE CHOICE

1 Your country
2 Your role (in relation to the language/s of schooling) (you may tick more than one box)
Parent
Trainee teacher
Teacher of the language(s) of schooling
Modern languages teacher
Classical languages teacher
Subject teacher (please specify below)
Head teacher
Teacher trainer
Academic researcher
Consultant
School inspector
Policy-maker

Other (please specify below)
3 The educational stage in which you are involved: (you may tick more than one box)
Pre-primary education (ISCED 0) □
Primary education or first stage of basic education (ISCED 1) □
Lower secondary or second stage of basic education (ISCED 2) □
(Upper) secondary education (ISCED 3)
4 In comparison with other educational priorities in your country, this particular topic is considered:
A priority Important Quite useful Marginal I don't know
5 How do schools ensure that children gain full access to education when their first language is other than the language of schooling? (you may tick more than one box)
Helping them to become proficient in the language of schooling □
Encouraging the use of their first language
Restricting the use of their first language

6 Learners are helped to become proficient in the language of schooling by: (you may tick more than one box)
Withdrawal from mainstream class for support in the language of schooling \Box
Teaching the language of schooling in special classes before admittance to mainstream classes \Box
Short duration withdrawal or in-class support for language of schooling by language support teacher
Including first language in curriculum delivery □
Encouraging first language use in classroom to develop language awareness
7 Which of the following people should be responsible for implementing a whole-school approach to language learning: (you may tick more than one box)
Individual teacher
Principal / head teacher
Timespary nead teacher
Support teacher
Parents
Support staff
Languages teachers
All the teaching staff

8 Where parents do not speak the language of schooling their role in children's language education
0
is unhelpful.
0
is limited.
c
can be harnessed through use of their first language as support for curriculum learning.
9 Has your educational system already started to implement some forms of whole-school cooperation for the language of schooling?
Yes Partially No I don't know
10 School projects which underline and explicitly address the language dimension in learning/teaching are
common practice.
a practice in a few schools.
a rare practice.
a very rare practice.
I don't know.

11 In your context, have the following staff member training in this area?	rs received/	are they rec	eiving specific	
	Yes	No	I don't know.	
Teachers of the language of schooling	0	0	0	
Teacher of modern languages	0	0	0	
Teachers of classical languages	0	0	0	
Subject teachers – other than languages (maths, sciences, art)	0	0	0	
Head teachers	0	0	0	
Trainee teachers	0	0	0	
12 Whole-school cooperation for support in the language(s) of schooling can be best facilitated by (choose three options)				
Examples of concrete school projects which have it teachers (language/subject) and/or other players (he to the language of schooling .				
A step-by-step guide, based on real school experien involving all players	ices, of hov	v to move to	owards cooperation	
The development, piloting and evaluation of teaching with other subject teachers.	ng materia	ls to be used	d in classrooms	
Examples of school language policies or strategies	8			
Testimonies from head teachers who have success cooperation.	sfully initia	ted and sup	ported this kind of	

Training modules for teachers and head teachers

PART TWO - DETAILED QUESTIONS

In the following section, please try to provide the ECML with short and clear answers to the questions. Please keep in mind that readers might not be familiar with your educational context and add useful information, where needed.

13 Please explain why the topic of the language of schooling is or is not a priority in your country.



14 What difficulties or resistance do you foresee in the idea of whole-school cooperation in this area?



15 Do language teachers have a specific role to play in this cooperation? How can they support subject teachers?

Please give reasons for your answer.



16 What are the resources the teachers can draw on if they want to support different language groups in the understanding of the language of schooling?



17 What could the role of the head teacher be?



18 What kind of contribution can parents make and how will this be beneficial both to the parents themselves and to their children?



19 Outline the steps you think a school has to follow in order to be able to implement this kind of cooperation. (These could include organisational aspects such as role definitions, space and time available.)



21 To what extent do you think it is important the language policy or strategy? Should the aspect of Please give your reasons.	
<u></u>	
22 Could you indicate any other aspects of whole	le-school cooperation in the language of
schooling not so far addressed by this consultati	
•	
PARTICIPATION IN THE THINK TANK	
23 If invited, would you be available to take part	t in the think tank at the ECML in Graz,
Austria on 13-14 September 2016?	
° Yes	^ No
100	2.0

20 Do you have models of successful school cooperation of this kind in your country that you could share with us? If so, please give us a rough outline of them.

24	What relevant experience	and expertise could you offer?
	_	
	▼	
4		

25 Contact Information

First Name *	:	
Last Name *	:	
Email Address *	:	

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR COOPERATION!

Thank you for completing this survey.